THE DRAMATIC CENSOR;

OR,

WEEKLY THEATRICAL REPORT.

NUMBER VI. Saturday, February 8, 1800.

Optat epiphia bos piger, optat arare caballus: Quam scit uterque libens, censebo, exerceat artem.

Non omnia possumus omnes.

** Dramatic Writers, who defire to have an early Review of their Publications, are requested to fend a Copy to the Editor, at the Printing-Office.

DRURY-LANE, Friday, Jan. 31, 1800.
PIZARRO. (Sheridan).—Follies of A DAY. (Holcroft).

COVENT-GARDEN, Friday, Jan. 31, 1800. JOANNA. (Cumberland).—VOLCANO.

Mr. Pope resumed the part of Lord Albert. The advantages of size and sigure are decidedly in his favour, and give him, in this respect, the superiority over Mr. CLAREMONT.

The

The remark we made in page 112 of our Third Number, relative to the absurdity of introducing drums and trumpets to an air which begins with declaring:

" Roaring war is gone to sleep,

" Drums and trumpets filence keep."

has not been thrown away upon the Composer. Mr. Busby has very properly substituted a New Finale in its place. A change has likewise been made in the music of the Chorus of Peasants which ushers-in the First Act.

DRURY-LANE, Saturday, Feb. 1, 1800.

CASTLE-SPECTRE. (M. G. Lewis).—Of Age ToMORROW.

IN consequence of the indisposition of Miss Biggs, the part of Angela was undertaken by Miss Heard. In page 8 of the First Number of The Dramatic Censor, we remarked, that several of this lady's occasional tones convinced us, that her voice was capable of greater expansion than the general tenor of her delivery might lead a superficial observer to suppose. The experience of this evening has sully justified our affertion. She spoke with energy, feeling, and correctness of enunciation: her manner was empassioned, and her whole style of acting calculated to command the approbation of all intelli-

gent critics. The audience testified their satisfaction by loud and reiterated plaudits. We would wish to see this performer taken out of the line of tame characters, and placed in situations, which, like the part of Angela, add the potent stimulus of emulation, and compel her to exertion.

Mr. Palmer's Father Philip strongly reminds us of his late Brother, and gives us confidence to repeat the opinion we broached on a former occasion, (See page 36) relative to the revival, at this Theatre, of the play of Henry IV.

Mr. Dowton excells in manly style of declamation. He gives great emphasis and dignity to the character of Hassan. We cannot speak as favourably of Mr. C. Kemble's Earl Percy; the part in his hands assumes too puerile and insignificant a cast.

The deep, mellow tones of Cory are admirably fuited to the pathetic tale of Reginald. With such powers of voice, such compass of modulation, what might this gentleman not become? In plaintive scenes he is peculiarly happy.

Osmond, as experiment has shown, cannot find a better representative than BARRYMORE. On the stage this performer claims undisputed possession of the tyrant's throne.

The

The play was succeeded by the first representation of a New Musical Farce, in two Acts, entitled Of Age To-morrow:—the Music by Mr. Kelly; the dialogue, according to report, by Mr. Bannister, Jun. But as this gentleman has very prudently not avowed himself as the author, we do not deem ourselves justified in advancing this libel against him, on such questionable authority. The following is a list of the

DRAMATIS PERSON_E.

	Frederic,	Mr. BANNISTER, Jun.
	Baron Piffleberg,	Mr. Suett.
es.	Hans Molkus,	Mr. WEWITZER.
	Hair-dresser,	Mr. Hollingsworth.
	Servant,	Mr. CHIPPENDALE.
	Lady Brumback,	Mrs. WALCOT.
	Sophia,	Miss Stephens.
	Maria,	Miss DE CAMP.

The prologue, which is faid to come from the pen of Mr. Andrews, prepared us for the wretched farrage of dullness and absurdity which followed; by candidly avowing, on the part of the author:

" Oddity's our substitute for sense."

Never, perhaps, was a dramatic piece, ushered to the public by a prefatory declaration of greater truth and pertinency.

Plot there is little, or rather none. Frederic, a hair-brained gentleman of rank and fortune, within one day of completing his minority, goes to church by

by way of a frolic, where he sees, and instantly falls in love with, a young lady, whose name, character, and circumstances are alike unknown to him. The lady, to the full as amorous and precipitate as the gentleman, conceives an equally romantic passion for the youthful swain. But, as a church is, in many instances, a fitter place to leer and ogle, than to breathe the soft vows of love (especially when maiden-aunts, and a proportion of the congregation separate the parties) the inamoratos have no opportunity of mutually discovering their stame.

The difficulty of coming to an explanation is not, it feems, confined to the church. The aunt, in the true spirit of an old maid, has no objection to be married herfelf, before the provides a husband for her niece Sophia; whilst the latter, like most young maids, is willing to take the trouble of looking out for a suitor, upon herself. The lover has recourse to stratagem to procure an interview with his mistress, which he easily effects by practising upon the credulity of the Aunt, whom the author, no doubt designed to represent as an artful character. But in this he has totally missed his aim; for Lady Brumback is a downright simpleton, and requires no management. Frederic introduces himself in the feveral disguises of a hair-dresser, a crippled foldier, and laftly, as the natural fon of Baron Piffleberg. To conclude the farce, whilft Lady Brum

Brumback and Piffleberg are engaged in altercation, Frederick elopes with Sophia, trumps up a clandeftine marriage, and then returns to the botel (as it is styled, though it bears the appearance of a private bouse), where he avows himself in his true character. All this is the work of ten minutes, the catastrophe being accomplished in less time than would be requisite to go through the nuptial ceremony.

Such are the leading features, or to speak more properly, the inuendoes of the story, which is ill-digested, ill-told, and not develloped by any regular train of incident. The dialogue is a mere distillation, or rather caput mortuum, from the celebrated Joe Miller. Two or three wretched puns supply the place of humour, amongst which the witticisms on Mr. BANNISTER's name deserve to be particularly noticed. Waiting upon Lady Brumback, in the disguise of a hair-dresser, he tells the aunt, that his mafter that morning had the misfortune to " break his neck over a damned bannister." ----"I wish there were no bannisters in the world."-replies her Ladyship .- (the removal of bannisters from staircases, it must be confessed, would furnish an effectual method of preventing such disastrous tiumbles.) " In that case (retorts BANNISTER) I should not now have the honour of waiting on y our Ladyship."

But if the plot discovers little skill and management, the author displays, if possible, still less address in the execution of his work. The scene is laid in Germany, but the manners are

" English, English, Sirs, from top to toe."

Baron Piffleberg would not be recognized by any chapter of the Empire: he is a complete English country-squire. Frederick is totally unacquainted with the forms and usages of his own country, and naturalizes the characteristic peculiarities of Great Britain. Lady Brumback is a caricature (as far as the affectation of sentiment and polite breeding is involved) of Mrs. Malaprop in the Rivals. Hans Molkus is the only individual in the whole list of Dramatis Persona, who preserves his national lineaments.

But it were a waste of time to enlarge on the defects of the dialogue, which serves avowedly no other purpose, than to give the author an occasional lift in lugging-in his songs. Yet even these are as little qualified to stand the test of criticism. They are slovenly written, without any attention to the laws of metre, and the diction is most woefully twisted and inverted to hammer-out the rhymes; as may easily be proved, by adducing a few instances:

Page 7. "Yet think not of coldness they fall to accuse you."

10. "When my very first day to the field I had got."

11. "Took heart through his head to discover his passion."

12. " Or a billet-doux carry, where'er 'tis directed."

Sophia's fong, page 9, displays a wonderful facility of rhyming to the same jingle, together with a happy knack of wire-drawing a sentiment.

" Depriv'd of thee her colours fly,

" Unheeded by the captive eye.

" Confinement poisons every joy,

" Makes ev'ry earthly pleasure cloy.

" While Liberty enhances high,

" Each blis we boast beneath the sky."

'Tis in vain to look to the stage for refinement and classical taste, whilst such wretched jargon as this can obtain admirers.

It would, however, be an act of injustice to deny, that the following duett between Frederick and Molkus, possesses some merit. It is incontrovertibly the best written song in the piece, and independent of characteristic propriety, blends a pleasant vein of humour with sluency of verse.

Fred. When we took the field, old Frederick led the van.

Molkus. When he gave the word, we follow'd to a man.

Fred. Then comrade don't you know, whene'er we met the foe,

Molkus. How we charged them on the plain! Up the hill and down again.

Fred. Thro' camps and lines, defiles and works Christian soldiers fought like Turks,

At Bender, Prague, and at Belgrade; Eh, comrade, don't you know?

Both. When we took the field, &c.

Fred. Come then tofs the can! may foldiers and their wives,

Molkus. When war yields to peace, at home lead happy lives,

Fred.

Fred. Drink to every gallant foul,

Molkus German, Briton, Russian, Pole.

Fred. Men who never turn'd their Backs,

Molkus. Charles the Twelfth, and Marshall Saxe.

Both. Come then tofs the can, &c.

Fred. Here's to ev'ry great Commander,

Molkus. Julius Cæsar, Alexander, Fred. Who in ages rude and civil,

Molkus. Did not fear to fight the devil!

Both. Come then tofs the can, &c.

But if we wave the discussion of propriety and literary merit, and confider the New Farce merely as an article of barter, it must be confessed, that it promiles to prove a fource of lucre and emolument to the parties concerned. 'Tis that species of composition, which in the present temper of the times, cannot, (to speak technically) fail to tell. The parts are well-cast, and afford ample latitude for a display of professional talents, on behalf of the performers. The Prologue, with very flender pretensions to poetical excellence, is nevertheless sure to command the "thunder of applause" from the great bulk of a London audience. It abounds in a certain quaintness of conceit and expression, which of late years has usurped the place of humour and good sense. We may, indeed, in this respect, apply to Mr. ANDREWS the apology he tenders for the inconfiftencies and folly of the piece.

" Oddity's our substitute for fense."

It contains, however, some happy strokes at the preposterous rage of the town for pageantry and jingle, in

D d *

which

which the C file-Spectre, Pizarro, Blue-Beard and Lodoiska come in for their share of merited castigation.

Mr. Bannister recited it with the happiest effect,
and, with the exception of his singing, (which was frequently out of tune, especially in his Duett with Miss
De Camp) was perfectly in his element. In the hairdressing seen, where he adjusts the head of Lady
Brun back, he proved to the satisfaction even of connoisseurs, that he had not followed the ancient maxim:—Ne sutor ultra crepidam. Anglice. Let the cobler
sizek to his last—but was in a state of qualification for
assuming the losty title of a fack of all trades.

Suett had a very fair opportunity of indulging his natural disposition for drollery, in the character of Baron Piffleberg. His bunting adventures were given with irresistible comic force; but we cannot refrain from noticing the absurdity which the author has committed by presacing his song with a declaration, on the part of Baron Piffleberg, that he never composed a rhyme in his life, but once, and that was "crump-" ling and dumpling." Yet in the very same breath, this unpoetical Baron mounts the Muses' hobby, and tags all his disasters and mishaps into verse.

Hans Molkus, the only just character in the whole piece, was admirably personated by Mr. WEWITZER. This performer is always correct. The Duett between him and BANNISTER, (the words of which we have inserted above) was given with spirit, and a strict eye

to nature in his delineation of the veteran campaigner. Molkus, like a true foldier, who "fhoulders his crutch, and shows how fights were won"—cannot hear a warlike tune struck up, without beating time by marching. The idea is classically accurate.

Miss Stephens appeared to great advantage, as a vocal performer, in the character of Sophia. She has a charming air: "Delightful Freedom! &c." which she sung with exquisite sweetness. Her tones are rich and harmonious, and the composer has given her, in this song, ample scope for the exercise of her musical powers. She was imperiously and deserved ly encored.

Miss De Camp is the very life and soul of the New Entertainment. She is one of the rare aves in the theatrical profession, who can both at and sing. Sprightliness and feeling alike characterize her performance. Her Medley, in the Second Act, was given with a degree of archness and pleasantry peculiar to this lady. We must, however, beg leave to call the author to account for the bad compliment he pays to the gallantry of our countrymen, in the concluding stanza. The Spaniards, Italians, and the French, are successively introduced as zealous votaries of the Fair Sex; their chief attention is directed to the worship of the ladies: but poor John Bull is totally stripped of all pretensions to gallantry. He, forsooth, has no relish for the charms of beauty: "Beef, Trade,

and Plumb-pudding "—form the fole objects of his attention. The author seems to have had SWIFT in his eye, (if, indeed, his reading extends beyond foe Miller—) and has applied an individual character to the whole nation at large.

" Plumb-pudding is all I defire;

" A mistress I never require,

" A Lover I find it a jest is,

" His misery never at rest is. "

He has rendered himself guilty of a neglect, which the ladies, no doubt, will rank in the class of unpardonable sins of omission. We would recommend to him to improve the very earliest opportunity of repairing his mistake, in which attempt we will cheerfully lend him a helping hand;

" In England 'tis BEAUTY our homage engages,

" Not Trade, Beef, nor-Pudding itself more the rage is.

" John Bull's next delight is to help a poor neighbour:

" He fings whilft dividing the fruits of his labour."

Mrs. Walcot, as the representative of Lady Brumback, personated the half-expectant, half-de spending Old Maid with considerable judgment. Hollingsworth and Chippendale were mere walking characters.

Of the Music we cannot return too favourable a verdict. It answers the precise character, which stage compositions of this description ought to bear; blending sweetness with skill, simplicity with science. Every professor, who hopes for popularity ought to attend

mixture of the con-spirito and affettuoso style. Maria's Song, "While I hang on your bosom &c." makes a forcible appeal to the seelings. For richness of modulation, sew compositions can compare with the delightful air (the merits of which we have already commented upon) sung by Miss Stephens, as Sophia: "Delightful Freedom! &c." In one word, the Music to the New Entertainment is justly entitled to the praise of being uniformly characteristic and appropriate to the subject. We have only to regret that Mr. Kelly's talents have been thrown away upon such an unworthy text. He may truly say in the words of the Latin poet: "Materiem superabit opus."

COVENT-GARDEN, Saturday, February 1, 1800.

JOANNA. (Cumberland.) VOLCANO.

DRURY-LANE, Monday, February, 3, 1800.

THE STRANGER, (Altered from Kotzebue.)

OF AGE To-MORROW.

The fudden and frequent viscissitudes of weather, to which the climate of this country is peculiarly subject at this season of the year, must in a more than ordinary

ordinary degree affect that class of persons, whose professional duties lay them nder the necessity of alternating, by abrupt transitions, the different temperatures of beat and cold. Our Readers, no doubt, have remarked the frequent changes, which have taken place, in the distribution of parts, among the several personners at the 'wo Theatres, in consequence of indisposition, since the publication of the Dramatic Censor. Mr. Kemble being incapacitated by illness from discharging his professional duties, the character of the leading personage, from which the Drama of The Stranger assumes its name, was undertaken by Mr. Raymond, who, it is but justice to add, sustained the part in a very respectable style.

COVENT-GARDEN, Monday, February, 3, 1800.

MYSTERIES OF THE CASTLE, (Andrews.)
GUARDIAN. (Garrick.)

With the exception of the young lady, who made her third appearance this evening, this play possesses neither Novelty, nor Interest-

DRURY-LANE, Tuesday, February 4, 1800.

PIZARRO. (Sheridan.) OF AGE TO-MORROW.

The indisposition of Mr. Kemble and Miss Biggs, occasioned confiderable changes in the cast of

of this Tragedy. The part of Cora was allotted to Miss Hard, who evinced herself a very respectable substitute, and would have afted with still better success, if timidity had not proved a strong drawback upon her powers. The omission of Cora's Song, with its fulminating accompaniment, was, likewise, in the opinion of the injudicious multitude a great detraction to the part.

Mr. Cory sustained the arduous character of Rolla. As the substitute, not from choice but necessity, of Mr. Kemble in one of his very best parts, he is entitled to every degree of indulgence. His principal desect lies in the impetuosity of his delivery; he would appear to far greater advantage, if he possessed calmness of mind. This, however, is a desect, not so much imputable to the performer, as to circumstances. To personate Rolla before a London audience, who have been in the habit of witnessing Kemble's style of acting, is certainly a hazardous enterprize, which requires practised assurance. Mr. Clarke was the substitute of Mr. Cory, in the part of the blind veteran.

COVENT-GARDEN, Tuesday, February 4, 1800.
RAMAH DROOG. (Cobb.) BARNABY BRITTLE.

This heterogeneous compound of Opera,
Farce, and Pantomime is too contemptible to merit
Criticism

flects absolute disgrace on a regular Theatre, and ought to be transplanted from the Garden to the more congenial soil of the self-dubbed Amphitheatre of Arts! the Circus, the Royalty, or Sadler's Wells. Indeed, Bartholomew-Fair would be the sittest scene of representation, as the Tyger-hunt might there be introduced with all the superiority of effect, which the exhibition of living wild-beasts must have over a patchwork skin, stuffed with straw.

Leaving, however, the author totally out of the question, (if, indeed, Mr. Cobb can lay claim to the title of author of a piece, to which he contributes the smallest and the least attractive part) the scenery and music are deserving of commendation. Miss Waters has a beautiful air, which she sings in a superior style of excellence. This lady's voice is sweet, powerful, and of extraordinary compass; her lower tones, in particular, are richer and swell more harmoniously on the ear, than those of any semale performer on the stage. As she evidently combines science with taste and natural parts, there can be no doubt, but she will rise to eminence in the profession. At present she appears to labour under too great a degree of timidity in her atting.

^{*} The principal incident in the piece hinges on a potatoe, with which an Irish Mock Doctor heals a drunken prince.

As the play is of that motley description, which embarces all the absurdities and desects of dramatic composition, without its beauties, we shall not enlarge on the merits of the performers. Mr. Indeedon appeared this evening in public for the first time since the decease of his wise. Johnstone and Munden seemed to be sensible of the ridiculous parts they had to sustain, and accordingly took care to season their acting with a due proportion of extravagance and mummery, for which they in a great measure stand excusable. It deserves to be mentioned, that Ramab Droog has been acted four times by Royal command.

The Entertainment consisted of the revived farce of Barnaby Brittle, which the Managers thought proper to resuscitate from a five years' state of dormant inaction; but the reception it experienced will, we trust, convince them of the expediency of re-consigning it to the gulph of merited oblivion. Barnaby Brittle deduces its origin from one of Moliere's plays.

DRURY-LANE, Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1800.

THE CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE. (Coleman and Garrick)—OF AGE To-MORROW.

THIS Comedy ranks in our estimation among the best productions of the age. It possesses all the essentials of dramatic composition, and is one of the very few modern plays, to which a writer of real tafte and talents would not be ashamed to affix his name. The plot, which is ably conceived, and regularly developed, abounds in interest; the characters are justly drawn, and well preserved; the dialogue is elegant, without affectation; eafy, without negligence; the wit is genuine, the humour chaste; no puns, no quaintness of conceit and diction, no distillations from foe Miller (that inexhaustable resource of modern play-botchers), outrage the taste of the audience, and disgrace the author. The fentiments are natural, instructive, and elevated above the level of common place. With fuch powerful recommendations, it is a matter of just regret, that this Comedy is not, of itself, competent to attract a full house, without theaid of some wretched, but popular farce.

Mr. King's Lord Ogleby, is a chef d'oeuvre of acting, which throws all the rest of his colleagues for the evening into a hopeless back-ground. If the writer has discovered the hand of a master in his delineation of this character, Mr. King displays equal selicity of conception in his perfonation of the part.

Mr. Dowton's Sterling was respectable: BARRYmore gives the impetuosity of Sir John, but is not sufficiently at home, as the fine gentleman. Young Kemble, whatever he may be in private life, acts a very tame lover on the stage. Miss Campbell, his partner in the play, is still more frigid and inaminate in the character of Miss Sterling. Her fister found an able representative in Miss De Camp. Mrs. Walcott personated Mrs. Heidelberg with ability, in the aggregate, but flounced about too violently in her altercation with Sir John.

Aided and abetted by the fine music of Kelly, the new Farce, in spite of all its intrinsic dullness and insipidity, continues to gain admirers.

COVENT-GARDEN, Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1800. JOANNA. (Cumberland).—TURN-PIKEGATE. (Knight)

THE part of Lord Albert seems to be a kind of give and take between Messrs. Pope and Claremont. After being resumed for a night or two by the original representative, it again devolved upon the latter gentlemen.

The play, or Dramatic Romance (to give it the title by which Mr. Cumbleland has thought proper to baptife it) was succeeded by the Musical Entertainment of the Turn-pike Gate.

As this flimfy production has met with a degree of encouragement far exceeding its deserts, we shall in a future Number make its pretentions the subject of impartial discussion. At present, we shall only animadvert upon its most prominent defects.

Without noticing the plot, which is equally devoid of originality and interest; without entering upon upon a critical investigation of the style and diction of the piece; or pointing out the plagiarisms of the author, we must be gleave to remind Mr. Knight, that the just delineation of character does not rate among the lowest requisites necessary in the composition of a drama. Puns and quibbles may be gleaned ad libitum from a jest book; and a sew harmless rhymes strung together by a person who cannot even scribble; but to give a faithful transcript of nature, to draw a picture of actual life and manners, requires mind, talent, taste and a cultivated imagination. Tis in this point of view, we mean to examine the character of Crack, which with Mr. Fawcett's Joe Standfast form the sole attractions of the Turn-pike Gate.

Mr. Munden possesses from nature, improved by long habit and experience, fuch a happy knack of turning ludicrous and comic parts to the best account, that it is no wonder he should succeed, as Crack, in gratifying the rifible propenfities of the audience, at the expence of their judgment. But when we examine Crack at the bar of good fense and propriety, we find him to be a perfect nondescript, a character seldom, if ever, found in nature, and therefore improper for the Stage. it accord with the usages of common life, that a low vulgar cobler should be immediately (for we are expressly told, page 13 and 15 of the Turn-pike Gate, that Sir Edward was a total stranger to his name and perfon) admitted to a footing of familiarity

arity with a Baronet? That a gentleman of rank and fortune, with grooms and domestics in every department at his disposal, should commit his curricle, his horses and his dogs (and to add to the absurdicy the very day he has furnished himself with a game-keeper) to the charge of a half-witted cobler? That he should accommodate this contemptible fellow with his riding coat and whip, and commission him to go " in style" upon his errand? Is fuch a mode of proceeding, we would beg leav to ask, consonant with the etiquette of Society Are the Lords of Manors fo very humble and condescending? So very indifferent about the fate of their horses, their curricles, and their dogs? Would even a person qualified for the office escape fo eafily, if he were by an unavoidable accident, to destroy his master's carriage and kill his nags? We leave Mr. Knight to decide the question himself; forbearing to expatiate at present, on the personal inconsistencies of Crack's character, and the strange incompatible mixture of folly and conceit, ignorance and knowledge, shrewdness and dullness, impudence and contrivance, blended together, without skill or management, in his composition.

Mr. FAWCETT'S Joe Standfast never fails to prove a successful trap to ensure applause to the piece. Incledon has a song, which (leaving the words out of the question) has sufficient charms to make even greater nonsense than the Turn-pike Gate, go glibly down. Miss Waters appeared this evening

we highly approve of, as the dun habit she wore on the preceding representations, had a dirty and unpleasing aspect, and actually disfigured her. We only wish she could be prevailed upon to lay aside her black wig and sport her own auburn tresses which would greatly improve her appearance. Miss Simms displayed much archness and vivacity in the part of Peggy.

DRURY-LANE, Thursday, Feb. 6, 1800.
RULE A WIFE AND HAVE A WIFE. (J. Fletcher.)—
LODOISKA. (J. P. Kemble.)

IN consequence of Mr. Kemble's continued illness, Mr. Holman, of Covent Garden, performed
the part of Leon. Acts of accommodation we
shall ever regard in a different light from regular
services, and therefore, without launching into a
critical comparison of the merits of the two performers, briefly observe that Mr. Holman sustained
the character with respectability.

We have frequently had occasion to remark, that when the Royal Family visit the Theatre, as was the case this evening, a certain description of performers make it an invariable rule to deviate from the path of nature into extravagance and buffoonery. Of this Suett furnished convincing proof. We must, however, do Mr. Bannister the justice to exempt his name from the charge. He was lively

lively and volatile, but not immoderately outré. Miss Mellon, as Estifania, and Mrs. Powell, as Margaritta, exerted themselves to advantage. Mr. Dowton's Cacafogo is highly characteristic.

Several alarming falls and tumbles took place among the performers towards the close of the Entertainment. Miss De Camp, in particular, had the misfortune to slip twice: her second faux-pas, (though, in fact, we are scarcely justified in making use of the word her, as the accident originated in the faux-pas of her male companion) was attended with such serious consequences, that she was obliged to be carried off the stage. For the sake of the public, we hope, that no secossion will attach to this accident.

The Royal Family were welcomed with the wonted ed ebullitions of loyalty, on the part of the audience. A scene, expressly painted for the occasion, was exhibited on the drawing-up of the curtain, whilst the band sung the good old tune of "God save the King." It consisted of appropriate emblems of the naval superiority of Great Britain.

COVENT-GARDEN, Thursday, Feb. 6, 1800.
THE BIRTH DAY. (altered from Kotzebue, by T. Dibdin).—THE GHOST.—Spoil'D CHILD. (Mrs. Jordan).

THE part of Emma QUEHT, (if propriety has any weigh?

weight in the opinion of Managers), to be affigued to Miss Murray. Mrs. Pope, owing to reasons, which gallantry forbids us us to detail, will ever prove a cruel draw-back to the character.

feems to be ambitious of wresting the proud appelation of the House of Farce from the Summer Theatre. We must not, however, suffer the absurdity of the piece to blind our eyes to the merits of the Astor. Mr. Knight, as Farmer Harrow, demonstrated to the conviction of scepticism itself, the practicability of uniting chastity of performance with comic force.

Mrs. Mills performs the part of Little Pickle in the Entertainment with great address. We feel no dread of committing ourselves by placing her in competition with the original representative, Mrs. Jordan. Miss Simms is a young, but very promising performer. She personated Maria with spirit, and considerable humour.

Mr. Augustus Walsingham will perceive that his Remarks have been attended to.

The Editor of the DRAMATIC CENSOR flatters himself, that his conduct hitherto has betrayed no disposition to trifle with the public, or to barter the gratification of his Readers against his own personal ease and convenience. He hopes, therefore for indulgence, in again postponing the Review of the GERMAN THEATRE, which a serious indisposition has prevented him from completing. The public may rely on its appearance in the next Number, the major part being already with the Printer.